Numb. 393.

THE Pennſylvania GAZETTE.

Containing the freſheſt Advices Foreign and Domeſtick.

From June 24. to July 1. 1736.

Account of the Marriage of the Princeſs of Saxe-Gotha *with his Royal Highneſs the Prince of* Wales.

LONDON, April 25.

THE Princeſs of Saxe Gotha, arrived at Greenwich. Her Highneſs attended by the Lord Delaware, and ſeveral Ladies of her Brother's Court and her own Retinue, ſet out from Gotha the 17th, and lay that Night at Caſſel, the next at Paderborn, on Tueſday at Munſter, reach'd Utrecht on Thurſday, was conducted in one of the States Yatchts to the Hague on Friday, where ſhe receiv'd the Complements of the Prince and Princeſs of Orange, by one of their chief Officers, alſo of the Grand Penſionary. On Saturday Morning about 10 reach'd Helvoetſluys, and without any Stay embark'd on board the William and Mary Yatcht, when a freſh Gale blew up and laſted as long as the Occaſion. This Day about 2, Her Highneſs landed at the Hoſpital, and was conducted in one of His Majeſty's Coaches, to the Queen's Houſe in the Park, amidſt the Acclamations of Thouſands of Spectators. Her Highneſs ſeem'd highly delighted with the Joy the People expreſs'd at her Arrival, and had the Goodneſs to ſhew herſelf for above half an Hour from the Gallery towards the Park. The Prince of Wales came to pay her a Viſit, and their Majeſties, the Duke, and Princeſſes ſent their Complements.

April 26. The Prince of Wales dined with her Highneſs at Greenwich, in one of the Rooms towards the Park, the Windows were thrown open, to oblige the Curioſity of the People. His Royal Highneſs afterwards gave her the Diverſion of paſſing on the Water, as far as the Tower, and back again in his Barge finely adorn'd, and preceeded by a Concert of Muſick. The Ships ſalured their Highneſſes all the way they paſs'd, and hung out their Streamers and Colours, and the River was covered with Boats. Their Highneſſes afterwards ſupp'd in publick.

April 28. Yeſterday Morning about Eight o' Clock the King's leading Coach, followed by the Body Coach, drawn by his Majeſty's Cream-colour'd Horſes, and a Party of the Horſe-Guards, went from St. James's to Greenwich, and about 12 o' Clock her Highneſs the Princeſs Auguſta was conducted by the Right Hon. the Lord Delaware into the Coach, accompanied by the Right Hon. the Lady Irwin, and one of the German Ladies, and arrived at Lambeth a Quarter after One, where her Highneſs was received with the loudeſt Acclamations by ſeveral Thouſands of People, who waited there to ſee her Highneſs. Her Highneſs was carried from thence in the King's Barge over to Whitehall; where ſhe went into the King's own Chair, and was carried into St. James's, where her Highneſs arrived a Quarter after two o' Clock, and was immediately preſented to their Majeſties by his Grace the Duke of Grafton and the Lord Delaware, and was received with the greateſt Demonſtrations of Joy and Tenderneſs.

His Royal Highneſs the Prince of Wales received the Princeſs at the Garden Door, and upon her ſinking on her Knee to kiſs his Hand, he affectionately raiſed her up, and twice ſaluted her. His Royal Highneſs led her up the Stairs to their Majeſty's Apartments, where he preſented her to the King; her Highneſs fell on her Knee to kiſs hist Hand, but was gently taken up and ſaluted by him. He. Highneſs was then preſented to the Queen in like manner, and afterwards to the Duke and Princeſſes, who congratulated her Arrival. Her Highneſs retiring to the Prince's Apartment, dined there with his Royal Highneſs, the Duke, and all the Princeſſes, the Windows being thrown open, the better to oblige the Curioſity of the Spectators. At Eight the Proceſſion began to the Chappel, and the joining of Hands was proclaim'd to the People by the firing of Guns. Her Highneſs was in her Hair, wearing a Crown with one Bar as Princeſs of Wales, ſet all over with Diamonds: Her Robe likewiſe, as Princeſs of Wales, being of Crimſon Velvet turned back, with ſeveral Rows of Ermin, and having her Train ſupported by Lady Caroline Lenos, Daughter to the Duke of Richmond; Lady Caroline Fitzroy, Daughter of the Duke of Grafton; Lady Caroline Cavendiſh, Daughter to the Duke of Devonſhire; and Lady Sophia Farmer, Daughter to the Earl of Pomfret, all of whom were in Virgin Habits of Silver, like the Princeſs, and adorn'd with Diamonds not leſs in value than from 20 to 30,000 *l.* each. Her Highneſs was led by his Royal Highneſs the Duke, and conducted by his Grace the Duke of Grafton, Lord Chamberlain of the Houſhold; and the Lord Harvey, Vice-Chamberlain; and attended by the Counteſs of Effingham, and the other Ladies of her Houſhold.

Soon after her Highneſs went into the Drawing Room, where ſhe was complemented by the Nobility, Foreign Miniſters and Gentry, who made a moſt ſplendid Appearance: Moſt of the Ladies were dreſſed in rich white Silks finely embroidered, and adorned with ſo many Brillants, and other Jewels, that they far ſurpaſſed the Luſtre and Splendor of the Court of Vienna, at the Marriage of the Duke of Lorrain with the Emperor's Eldeſt Daughter, according to the Accounts we received from thence.

Between ſix and ſeven o'Clock her Highneſs, dreſſed in her Wedding Cloaths, which were of Silver Tiſſue, and all over White, with her Hair curled and ſtuck with Jewels, after the German Faſhion, was preſented to her Majeſty, who preſented her to the Prince; whoſe Cloaths were of Silver Tiſſue, with white Shoes and Stockings.

In the Evening the Ceremony of Marriage was performed; and the Proceſſion as we hear, form the King's Apartments down to the great Stairs under the Piazza, to the Chappel Royal, was as follows, viz.

Four Drums, Drum Major, Eight Trumpets four and four, Kettle Drum, Serjeant Trumpeter in his Collar of SS. bearing his Mace. The Maſter of the Ceremonies, with the Hon. the Lord Carnarvan. Gentleman Uſher, between the two ſenior Heralds.

The Prince of Wales in his Nuptial Apparel, inveſted with the Collar of the Garter, conducted by the Lord Chamberlain and the Vice Chamberlain, and ſupported by two Lords, Batchelors. The Officers attendant on the Prince, followed by Pairs.

Upon the Entry into the Chapel, the Maſter of the Ceremonies with the Gentleman Uſher, went to the Seats aſſigned them

them, and the Bridegroom was brought to the Stool placed for his Highneſs, fronting his Majeſty's Throne.

The Lord Chamberlain and Vice-Chamberlain returned to conduct the Bride, and the two Heralds returned with them to perform the other Functions, as did the Drums and Trumpets.

Proceſſion of the Bride.

Gentleman Uſher to the Bride, between two Provincial Kings at Arms.

The Bride in her Nuptial Habit, with a Coronet, conducted by the Lord Chamberlain and Vice Chamberlain, and ſupported by the Duke of Cumberland; her Train born by ten Young Ladies.

Upon the Entry, the Bride was conducted to her Stool, below her Majeſty's Chair of State, oppoſite to the Prince; the Duke ſat on a Stool near the Altar; and the Ladies who bore the Train, ſtood near the Bride to perform their Duties while the Marriage was ſolemnizing.

The Lord Chamberlain and Vice-Chamberlain returned with the Provincial Kings to wait upon his Majeſty.

His Majeſty proceeded in this Manner.

Knight Marſhal, Purſuivants, Heralds, Sir Robert Walpole Knight of the Garter with his Collar, The Comptroler of the Houſhold, The Biſhop of London, &c. two Provincial Kings at Arms, Lord Privy Seal, Lord Chancellor, Garter Principal King at Arms, between two Gentlemen Uſhers, the Earl Marſhal with his Gold Staff, the Sword of State carried by the Duke of Portland, His Majeſty in the great Collar of the Garter, the Lord of the Bedchamber in Waiting.

Her Majeſty was preceded by Mr. Coke, Vice Chamberlain, and ſupported by the Earl of Grantham her Lord Chamberlain, and the Earl of Pomfret, her Maſter of the Horſe.

The Princeſſes Amelia, Carolina, Mary and Louiſa, ſupported ſeverally by two Gentlemen Uſhers.

The Ladies of her Majeſty's Bedchamber, Maids of Honour, and Women of the Bedchamber.

Upon the Entry into the Chappel, none of the Perſons in this Proceſſion remained upon the Hautpas, except the Lord of the Bedchamber in waiting, behind the King, the Lord who bore the Sword, who continued holding it erect upon his Majeſty's Right Hand, and the Lord Chamberlain who ſtood upon the Left Hand of his Majeſty, having the Vice-Chamberlain next to him.

His Majeſty was ſeated in the Chair of State in the upper Angle of the Hautpas, on the Right Side.

Her Majeſty was ſeated in her Chair of State, on the other Side of the Hautpas.

And the four Princeſſes on Stools placed next the Duke at the Side of the Altar.

Her Majeſty's Lord Chamberlain, Maſter of the Horſe, and Vice Chamberlain, ſtood upon the Hautpas behind her.

The Ladies of the Bedchamber, &c. went to the Places aſſigned them.

During all this Time the Organ play'd, but as ſoon as the Perſons were ſeated, the Organ ceaſed, and Divine Service began.

The Marriage-Service was read by the Lord Biſhop of London, Dean of the Chappel; and after the ſame was over, a fine Anthem was performed by a great Number of Voices and Inſtruments.

After the Biſhop of London and Dean of the Chappel had given the Bleſſing, their Majeſties removed to the Throne, erected on the Right Hand of Altar, of Crimſon Velvet richly laced with Gold.

The Prince of Wales leading the Princeſs Auguſta, went to the Altar and kneeled there.

When the Dean had finiſhed the Divine Service, the married Pair roſe and retired back to their Stools upon the Hautpas; where they remained while an Anthem compoſed by Mr. Handel was ſung by his Majeſty's Band of Muſick, which was placed in a Gallery over the Communion Table.

The Return was in the Manner following.

The Drums, &c. as before. The Prince of Wales ſupported by two married Dukes, &c. The Princeſs ſupported, as before; Then their Majeſties and the Princeſſes, in the ſame Manner as they went to the Chappel.

As ſoon as the Proceſſion came back to the Door of the latter Drawing Room, the Company ſtopped; but their Majeſties, the Prince and Princeſs of Wales, the Duke and the Princeſſes went in, when the Prince and Princeſs received their Majeſties Bleſſing.

At half an Hour after Ten, their Majeſties ſat down to a Supper in Ambigu, the Prince and Duke being on the King's right Hand, and the Princeſs of Wales and the four Princeſſes on the Queen's left. The firſt Courſe conſiſted of 15 Diſhes cold and 15 hot; and then came the Deſert, which form'd a fine Garden riſing to a Terras, the Aſcent to which was adorn'd with the Reſemblance of Fountains, Grottos, Groves, Flowers, &c. In the Middle was the Temple of Hymen, the Dome of which was ſupported on tranſparent Columns three Foot high. As the Meats were the moſt exquiſite and rare that could be procur'd, ſo the Deſert contain'd a Profuſion of the fineſt Fruits, amongſt which were Cherries in great Perfection, Apricots, Pine-Apples, &c. At the end of the firſt Courſe, their Majeſties drank to the Bride and Bridegroom; and ſoon after, the Prince and Princeſs riſing up, drank the Healths of their Majeſties, during which the Duke and Princeſſes ſtood likewiſe. When the Royal Family roſe from Table, the Sweetmeats were diſtributed amongſt the Quality. Their Majeſties retiring to the Apartments of his Royal Highneſs the Prince of Wales, the Bride was conducted to her Bed Chamber, and the Bridegroom to his Dreſſing Room, where the Duke undreſs'd him, and his Majeſty did his Royal Highneſs the Honour to put on his Shirt. The Bride was undreſs'd by the Princeſſes; and being in Bed in a rich Undreſs, his Majeſty came into the Room, and the Prince following ſoon after in a Night-Gown of Silver Stuff, and Cap of the fineſt Lace; the Quality were admitted to ſee the Bride and Bridegroom ſitting up in the Bed, ſurrounded by all the Royal Family. His Majeſty was dreſs'd in a Gold Brocade turn'd up with Silk embroider'd with large Flowers in Silver, and Colours, as was the Waiſtcoat; the Buttons and Star with Diamonds. Her Majeſty was in a plain yellow Silk, robed and faced with Pearl Diamonds, and other Jewels of immenſe Value. The Dukes of Grafton, Newcaſtle and St. Albans, the Earl of Albemarle, Lord Harvey, Col. Pelham, and many other Noblemen, were in Gold Brocades, of 300 to 500 *l.* a Suit. The Duke of Marlborough was in a white Velvet and Gold Brocade, upon which was an exceeding rich Point d'Eſpagne; the Earl of Euſton and many others were in Clothes flower'd or ſprigg'd with Gold; the Duke of Montague in a Gold brocaded Tiſſue. Waiſtcoats were univerſally Brocades, with large Flowers. 'Twas obſerv'd moſt of the rich Clothes were the Manufacture of England; and in Honour of our own Artiſts, the few which were French did not come up to theſe in Richneſs, Goodneſs or Fancy, as was ſeen by the Clothes worn by the Royal Family, all of Britiſh Manufacture. The Cuffs of the Sleeves were univerſally deep and open, the Waiſts long and the Plaits more ſticking out than ever. The Ladies were principally in Brocades of Gold and Silver, and wore their Sleeves much lower than had been done for ſome Time.

The Nuptials of his Royal Highneſs the Prince of Wales, was obſerved on Tueſday Night throughout this City, with the greateſt Demonſtrations of Joy and Satisfaction; and ſome worthy Citizens, on this further ſtrengthening the Proteſtant Intereſt, (a truly joyful Occaſion) finely illuminated the Monument, to ſhew their Regard to his Majeſty, and his moſt illuſtrious Family, the great Protectors of it. There were likewiſe Fire-works, Bonfires, Illuminations, Ringing of Bells, &c. with all poſſible Marks of Joy, more than were ever ſeen on any Occaſion.

The King has been pleaſed to preſent to his Royal Highneſs the Prince of Wales, the Set of Plate which his Majeſty made uſe of when Prince, valued at 12,000 *l.*

Her Majeſty has been pleaſed to make a Preſent of every thing belonging to her Dreſſing Room, when Princeſs of Wales, to her Royal Highneſs the Preſent Princeſs, which is reckoned extreamly rich, and of great Value.

Amongſt the many Rejoycings made on Account of the Marriage of his Royal Highneſs the Prince of Wales, we muſt mention thoſe of the poor Priſoners of the Fleet. They had a Wooden Pyramid of near 30 Feet high, on the Top of which was placed a Terpentine Barrel and three others lower down, at equal Diſtances; at the Foot of the Pyramid, were piled 200 Faggots; when the Fire communicated itſelf to the ſeveral Barrels, it formed a ſurpriſing Proſpect, for it rain'd Fire from four ſeveral Stories of Tires, which emptied themſelves in the great Fire at the Baſe;

Baſe: Beſides which, there were 21 Chambers fir'd to the Healths of their Majeſties, His Royal Highneſs and his illuſtrious Bride, &c. and thoſe unhappy Subjects celebrated the Night with as much Loyalty, and more Chearfulneſs than could be expected from their miſerable Circumſtances.

Extract of a Letter from New-Providence, dated *March* 27. 1736.

ON the 17th of this Inſtant, a little after 8 o'Clock at Night, ſeveral Soldiers of this Garriſon (who, it ſeems, for ſome time before, had been combining to riſe and take the Fort in order to facilitate their intended Deſertion) knocked down the Corporal and ſeveral of their Brother-Soldiers who they imagined would not be of their Party, ſeized the Fort Gate, ſurpriz'd the Sentries at their ſeveral Poſts and took poſſeſſion of the whole Garriſon. Mr. *Fitzwilliam*, our Governor, who then was in his own Houſe drinking a Glaſs of Wine with two or three Gentlemen, being informed of this Mutiny by one of the Sentries who made his Eſcape over the Fort Wall, immediately ſnatch'd up a Sword and ordered the Centinels that guard his Houſe in the Night, to follow him, and ran down to the Fort, imagining that if he could, by any Means, get in with three or four People, his preſence would, with the Loſs of one or two, form a party ſtrong enough to overpower the Mutineers: But he no ſooner approached the Fort Gate and called to one of the Serjeants, who was juſt before him, to endeavour to ſecure it, than half a dozen Muskets were fired at him; whereupon he ordered thoſe Soldiers, whom he brought with him, to return the Fire; which one of them had no ſooner done than a Volley was fired from the two Baſtions between which the Governor and thoſe few People with him were, whereby the Serjeant aforementioned, that was juſt before him, was ſhot thro' his Arm, and many Places thro' his Cloaths, and the Centinel, that was almoſt cloſe up at his left Hand, received a mortal Wound whereof he ſoon died; and thoſe Gentlemen that followed the Governor from his Houſe, being but a little way from him, were much endanger'd; for by this time the firing from all Parts of the Garriſon became general, occaſioned, as is believ'd, by the Governor's being overheard by the Mutineers ordering the People to run to ſome new buildings in Town to bring Ladders, in order to endeavour to get over the Fort-Walls. This firſt Buſtle being over the Mutineers having ſecur'd all the Arms and Ammunition in the Fort, they began to Fire the great Guns at two or three Veſſels in the Harbour, with deſign to oblige them to come down near the Fort, and alſo at the Governor's Houſe. In the mean time he was getting as many of the Inhabitants as he could together, in order to inveſt the Fort; but finding that he cou'd not ſuddenly get a ſufficient Number of them to perform that Service, he had recourſe to a Stratagem whereby we happily overcame this terrible Mutiny, and prevented the great Effuſion of Blood, it was apprehended, it would occaſion, as follows. The Governor having detached Mr. Stewart his Surgeon, with a few Men to reinforce and command a ſmall Number of the People of the Country, that were gone to defend the Magazine, went about a Mile to the Eaſtward of the Town, where Capt. Charles Walker, of this Iſland, had prudently removed a Scooner, belonging to himſelf, out of Sight of the Fort, and on board this Veſſel the Governor put ſome Powder and Ball he cauſed to be brought from the Magazine, and ordered about five and thirty choſen Men, of the Iſland, to be under the Command of Capt. Walker and Mr. Samuel Lawford, with directions to be ready to get under Sail at a Moments Warning; for by this Time the Governor had notice that about eighteen Mutineers had taken Poſſeſſion of a ſmall Sloop in the Harbour, and that a Party of them had broke open the Common Goal and taken out a French Seaman to be their Pilot, who had been committed a Week before for Felony and endeavouring to carry off ſome Soldiers; and that they purpoſed further to get him the Governor, into their Poſſeſſion, if poſſible: But finding themſelves diſappointed in this laſt Part of their Scheme and having been repulſed at the Magazine, which they went to blow up, they, to the Number of *Two and Forty*, broke open the Proviſion Stores and a Place where there was ſome new Cloathing, and (having equip'd themſelves and the Sloop, and nail'd up ſome of the Guns that pointed to the Harbour's Mouth) went on board and ſet ſail about three o'Clock the next Morning: And the very ſame Inſtant Capt. Walker weighed, purſued and kept Sight of them all Night without being obſerved by them 'till Day-Light, which was ſuch a ſurprize, and bred ſuch a Confuſion among them, that they were ſoon taken without any damage or loſs, on either Side, ſave only that the Sloop's Rigging was a little hurt by Capt. Walker's Swivel Guns, and one Soldier ſhot thro' the Ear, which, with one Man that was ſhot thro' the Shoulder, in the Attempt upon the Magazine, was all the Blood that was ſhed on either Side 'till the next Day after, when every Man of them was convicted and ſentenced to Death, of whom twelve of the moſt notorious and their French Pilot were forthwith executed, the latter at the Maſt-head of his own Veſſel. Theſe poor Wretches being ask'd, a little before their Execution, how they could be ſo wicked, as to purpoſe the Death of the Governor, Mr. Stewart, and ſome others, declared, upon their Death, they intended to ſpill no Blood more than what might happen in their own Defence, and that their View in attempting to take the Governor was only to ſecure him and thereby their own Retreat, and Mr. Stewart, as being a Perſon always active in executing the Governor's Command, on Emergencies of this Kind; their

their whole Design being no other than to get from a Place where the King's Pay is scarce sufficient to support human Nature, there being no additional Allowance for them here as in Jamaica and other Places; which, tho' a very great grievance, cannot be redress'd here: And the Governor, in order to convince them and the whole Country that he was neither insensible of, nor unmoved at their wants, ordered the Extracts of several of his Letters to the Secretary of War, Lords of Trade &c. to be publickly read, whereby it plainly appear'd he consulted the Welfare of this Company more than his own private Interest; and it is manifest to us all here, and the poor Soldiers themselves confess they never have been taken so good Care of both in Sickness and in Health, as since his Government: And it is most certain that this Mutiny, which would have endanger'd the Subversion of the Government were it not for the Governor's prudent Conduct, had never come to the great Head it did, had his Commission Officers, two of which have been absent ever since he has been in the Government, been here to have attended their Duty; for when this Accident happen'd, Mr. Howel, the only Lieutenant upon the Island happen'd to be in a very violent Fit of the Gout, and was oblig'd to be carried out of his House, in that dangerous Condition, upon information that the Mutineers talked of beating it down about his Ears.

Custom-House, NEW-YORK, *June* 28. *Entred In.*

D Sutton from Philadelphia. *Entred out.* M. Tucker, J. Smith and J. Calcock for S. Carolina, T. Barnes for Newfoundland, F: Rosewell for Boston, H. Lawrence for Coracoa, J. Holand, H. Richardson and F. Mesnard for Jamaica, T. Holloway for Lisbon, J. Welch for Waterford in Ireland.

Cleared. R. Fowle to Cotacoa, M. Wolf jun. to Mountserrat, R. Ratsey to Maderia, W. Cornell to Newfoundland, M. Tucker to S. Carolina.

Custom-House, PHILADELPHIA, *Entred In.*

Sloop Charming Molly, Samuel Flower, from Jamaica.
---- Samuel, James White, from Boston.
--- Speedwell, Joseph Wilson, from Rhode-Island.
Brigt. Dolphin, Thomas Stamper, from Barbadoes.

Entred Outwards.

Scooner Judith & Rebecca, John Clark, for New-York.
Sloop William James Foster, for St. Christophers.
----- Swansy, Robert Wright, for Rhode-Island.
Ship Mary & Hannah, Henry Savage, for London.
Sloop Speedwell, Joseph Wilson, for Rhode-Island.

Cleared.

Snow Barbadoes Pacquet, Henry Harrison, to Jamaica.
Scooner Catherine, John Rice, to South-Carolina.
Sloop Humming Bird, John Paynter, to Virgina.
----- Endeavour, Michael Dalton, to Boston.
Scooner Judith & Rebecca, John Clark, to New York.
Sloop Frances, St. George Tucker, to St. Christophers.
Ship Restoration, John Searle, to Lisbon.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

WHEREAS *Katherine*, the Wife of *John Davis* of *Springfield Manor*, *Philadelphia* County, Husbandman, hath eloped from her said Husband. These are therefore to forwarn all Persons trusting her on his Account; for he will pay no Debts she shall contract after the Date hereof. *John Davis.*

Notice is hereby given,

THAT *the Lands, Tenements and real Estate, lately belonging to* Peter Sonmans, *Esq; of the City of* Perth Amboy, *County of* Middlesex, *and Province* New-Jersey, *Deceased, situate in the Province aforesaid, or elsewhere, and which were by his last Will and Testament devised to* Sarah Sonmans, *then his Wife, are now by good and sufficient Conveyances vested in* Samuel Nevil, *of* London, *in that Part of* Great-Britain *called* England, *Gent. eldest Brother and Heir at Law to her the said* Sarah, John Nevil *of* Perth-Amboy, *aforesaid, Gent. and* Peter Sonmans *of the City and County of* Philadelphia, *in the Province of* Pennsylvania, *Doctor of Physick.*

Who by an Agreement made between them, are to discharge all the Debts due from the said Estate, so far as the Estate will enable them to do.

These are therefore to desire all Persons, who have Mortgages or other Incumbrances on any Part of the Lands aforesaid, or any just Demands against the said Estate, forthwith to transmit Accounts thereof to them, the said Samuel *and* John Nevil, *at* Perth-Amboy *aforesaid, or to the said* Peter Sonmans *in* Philadelphia, *that proper Care may be taken to discharge them.*

Philadelphia, June 24. 1736.

Samuel Nevil,
John Nevil,
Peter Sonmans.

And any Person or Persons inclining to purchase any Part or parcel of the Premises, may apply to either of the Subscribers.

To be SOLD,

THREE *Tracts of choice good arable Land, in the County of* Middlesex, *in the eastern Division of* New-Jersey, *situated on* Georges-Road *in the Township of* New-Brunswick, *and but about* 9 *Miles from the City*, viz. *The one commonly known by the Name of the* Saplin Ridge, *containing* 235 *Acres of choice good well timber'd Upland, and has a Range of above* 1000 *Acres, which renders it very commodious for raising Stock, it being well water'd by* Lawrence's Brook *and sundry Springs; and is joining to* William Cox's *Saw-Mill. One other in the* Great-Swamp *commonly so call'd, containing* 208 *Acres of choice well timber'd Land: great part of which may be turn'd into Meadow, and by that means make a compleat Farm or Plantation. The other commonly known by the Name of* The Small Windfalls, *containing* 211 *Acres, twenty whereof is a exceeding good Meadow, the Residue being very well timber'd Land, good Soil, and well water'd; being bounded eastward by* Thomas Lawrence's *Land, westerly by* John Nevil's *Lands, Southerly and Northerly by* Robert Davis's *Land. Any Person enclining to purchase any of the aboveaid Tracts of Land, may apply to* Peter Sonmans, *in* Philadelphia, *or* Benjamin Clark *jun. of* Stonybrook, *or* Barefoot Brinson *of* Milstone; *the two latter if desired, will shew them the Premisses.*

RUN away from *William Harrison* of *New-Hanover*, in the County of *Burlington*, a Servant Man named *Thomas Mackon*, about 24 Years of age, of a middle Stature, red Complexion and black curl'd Hair: Had on when he went away, a gray Drugget Coat, a good felt Hat, a Homespun Linnen Shirt, a pair of Linnen drawers, woollen Stockings, and a pair of Shoes burnt at the under part of the Toe, he hath been Scalded on the left Leg, he is a Weaver by Trade, and hath been in the practice of Hetchiling of Flax, and is an indifferent Hand at Farming.

Whosoever takes up the said Servant and secures him so that his Master may have him again, shall have *Forty Shillings* Reward and reasonable Charges paid by

William Harrison.

Adjoyning to Mr. *Thomas Hind's*, Shopkeeper, in *Market-Street, Philadelphia,*

WILL *be carefully taught* Latin *and* French *after the most easy and concise Method, by* John Salomon *from* Paris; *who will also give due Attendance on Gentlemen and Ladies, that desire to be instructed in either of those Languages, at their respective Abodes.*

A *Servant Man's Time to be disposed of, he has three Years to serve from the* 20th *of* May *past, and is a Sawyer by Trade, but wants to be a Hostler or to drive a Team, and understands either very well. Enquire of* Thomas Canbey.

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